

## MATLAB programs to generate the Linear Pendulum: Phase Diagram and the Adjoint and Control Variable Diagram

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function [ ] = linear_pendulum( )
%Written by Elmer G. Wiens June 2019
%Linear pendulum
clear

%Set the starting values  $-5.5 < v1 < 5.5$ ;  $-5.5 < v2 < 5.5$ 

disp('Starting Values')
v1= 4 % -6 %4
v2= 4 % 0 %4

%Save starting Values
tempv1 = v1;
tempv2 = v2;

mang(1) = 0;
myv1(1) = v1;
myv2(1) = v2;
myu(1) = 0;

d = 7;
%plot path
figure(1)
hold on;
nxax = -d - 2;pxax = d + 2;nyax = -d - 1;pyax = d + 1;
axis([nxax pxax nyax pyax])
axis square
plot(zeros(100),linspace(nyax,pyax))
plot(linspace(nxax,pxax),zeros(100))

title('Linear Pendulum: Phase Diagram', 'FontSize',15)
xlabel('x1', 'FontSize',17)
ylabel('x2', 'FontSize',17)

plot(v1,v2,'y*', 'LineWidth',4)
x = linspace(0,2,40);
for i=1:length(x)
    y(i) = -circles(x(i),1,1);
end

for k=0:2:5
    plot(x+k,y,'r', 'LineWidth', 3);
    plot(-x-k,-y,'r', 'LineWidth', 3)
end

for d = 3:2:7
    x = linspace(-d + 1, d + 1,40);
    for i=1:length(x)
        y(i) = circles(x(i),1,d);
    end
end
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end
plot(x,-y,'g', 'LineWidth', 3)

x = linspace(-d - 1, d - 1,40);
for i=1:length(x)
    y(i) = circles(x(i),-1,d);
end
plot(x,y,'k', 'LineWidth', 3);
end
totang=0;
loop = 1;
maxloop = 5;
rad = 10;

while (loop <= maxloop) & (rad >= .1)
ang1=0; ang2=0; %//clear angles
plot(v1,v2,'y*', 'LineWidth', 4)
if (v2 >= 0)
    c = -1;
    for k =1:2:7
        lt = sqrt((v1 + k)^2 + v2^2);
        if (lt < .999)
            c = 1;
            break
        end
    end
else
    c = 1;
    for k =1:2:7
        lt = sqrt((v1 - k)^2 + v2^2);
        if (lt <= .999)
            c = -1;
            break
        end
    end
end
end

d = sqrt((v1-c)^2 + v2^2);
if (c == -1)
    if(v2 >= 0)
        x = linspace(v1, d + c, 40);
        for i=1:length(x)
            y(i) = circles(x(i),c,d);
        end
        plot(x,y,'b', 'LineWidth', 3);
        tv1 = d + c; tv2 = -0;
        if ((v1 - c) == 0)
            ang1 = pi/2;
        else
            tang1 = (v2/(v1 - c));
            ang1 = atan(tang1);
        end
    end
end
a = 1;
for i = 0:d+1

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        if(2*i >= d+c)
            a = 2*i-1;
            break
        end
    end
end
%a
if (a ~= c)

    xint = .5*(d^2 + a^2 -(c^2 + 1))/(a-c);
    yint = sqrt(1 - (xint - a)^2);
    if (a > 0)
        xt = d + c;
        if(v2 < 0)
            xt = v1;
        end
        x = linspace(xint, xt, 40);
        for i=1:length(x)
            y(i) = -circles(x(i),c,d);
        end
        plot(x,y,'m', 'LineWidth', 3);
        tv1 = xint; tv2 = -yint;
        if ((tv1 - c) == 0)
            ang2 = pi/2;
        else
            tang2 = (tv2/(tv1 - c));
            ang2 = atan(tang2);
        end
        if (tv2 == 0)
            tv2 = -.00001;
        end
    end

    end
end

end

if (c == 1)
    if(v2 <= 0)
        x = linspace(- d + c, v1, 40);
        for i=1:length(x)
            y(i) = -circles(x(i),c,d);
        end
        plot(x,y,'b', 'LineWidth', 3);
        tv1 = - d + c; tv2 = +0;
        if ((v1 - c) == 0)
            ang1 = pi/2;
        else
            tang1 = (v2/(v1 - c));
            ang1 = atan(tang1);
        end
    end
end

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a = 1;
for i = 0:d+1
    if(2*i > d+c)
        a = 2*i-1;
        break
    end
end
end
% d a c
% a = -a + 2

if (a ~= c)
    xint = .5*(d^2 + a^2 -(c^2 + 1))/(a-c);
    yint = sqrt(1 - (xint - a)^2);
    a = -a + 2;
    xint = -xint + 2;
    if (a < 0)
        xt = -d + c;
        if(v2 > 0)
            xt = v1;
        end
        x = linspace(xt, xint, 40);
        for i=1:length(x)
            y(i) = circles(x(i),c,d);
        end
        plot(x,y, 'm', 'LineWidth', 3);
        tv1 = xint; tv2 = yint;
        if ((tv1 - c) == 0)
            ang2 = pi/2;
        else
            tang2 = (tv2/(tv1 - c));
            ang2 = atan(tang2);
        end
    end
end
end

%v1 v2 angl ang2
if (c == -1) & (v2 >= 0)&(ang1 < 0)
    angl = pi + ang1;
end
if (c == -1) & (v2 == 0)&(ang1 == 0)&((v1===-2) | (v1===-4) | (v1===-6))
    angl = pi;
end
if (c == 1) & (v2 <= 0)&(ang1 < 0)
    angl = pi + ang1;
end

ang3 = angl + abs(ang2);
if (loop == 1)
    myang = ang3;
end
totang = totang + ang3;

v1 = tv1; v2 = tv2;

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rad = sqrt(v1^2 + v2^2);

if (loop == 1)
    g = c;
end

myu(loop) = c;

loop = loop + 1;

mang(loop) = totang;
myv1(loop) = tv1;
myv2(loop) = tv2;

end %while end loop

toploop = loop -1;

disp(' Switching Times, Switching Points, Control Variable')
fprintf('%6s %6s %6s %6s\n',' Time ',' X1 ',' X2 ',' u ');

for i = 1:toploop
    fprintf('%6.2f %6.2f %6.2f %6.2f\n', mang(i), myv1(i), myv2(i), myu(i));
end

fprintf('%6.2f %6.2f %6.2f %6.2f\n', mang(loop), 0, 0, myu(toploop));

disp(' ')

charv1 = num2str(tempv1);
charv2 = num2str(tempv2);
charcom= ', ' ;
charbl = '(';
charbr = ')';
charv = [charbl charv1 charcom charv2 charbr];
text(tempv1 -.1, tempv2 + .4, charv, 'FontSize',17)

txtx1 = 4.2;
txtx2 = 7.5;

for i = 1 : topline
    mngr = round(100*mang(i)) / 100;
    mngr = round(100*mang(i+1))/100;
    chartl = num2str(mngr);
    chartr = num2str(mngr);
    charu = num2str(myu(i));
    charlit = [chartl ' < t < ' chartr ': u(t) = ' charu];
    text(txtx1, txtx2, charlit, 'FontSize', 12)
    txtx2 = txtx2 - 0.7;
end

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end

syms t

pm1 = g*cos(myang - t);
pm2 = g*sin(myang - t) ;

s = linspace(0, totang, 100);

for i=1:length(s)
    q1(i) = double(subs(pm1, t, s(i)));
    q2(i) = double(subs(pm2, t, s(i)));
    q3(i) = sign(q2(i));
end
q1=double(q1);
q2=double(q2);
q3=double(q3);

figure(2)
hold on;
maxx = max(s)+1;
maxy = 2*max(max(q2)); %2*max(max(q2) + 4);

nxax = 0;pxax = maxx;nyax = -maxy;pyax = maxy;

axis([nxax pxax nyax pyax])
plot(zeros(100),linspace(nyax,pyax))
plot(linspace(nxax,pxax),zeros(100))

title('Linear Pendulum: Adjoint and Control Variables ', 'FontSize',15)
xlabel('t', 'FontSize',17)
ylabel('p1(t) red, p2(t) blue, u(t) yellow', 'FontSize',17)

s = s(1:length(s));
plot(s,q1,'r', 'LineWidth', 3);
plot(s,q2,'b', 'LineWidth', 3);
plot(s,q3,'y', 'LineWidth', 3);

line([totang totang], [q3(length(s)), 0], 'Color','yellow','LineWidth',3)

disp('Terminal Values of the Adjoint Variables')
pT1 = double(subs(pm1, t, totang))
pT2 = double(subs(pm2, t, totang))

return
end

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```
function y = circles(x, a, r)
%Circle
y = sqrt(r^2 - (x - a)^2);

return
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